

Youth Wiki

europejska
encyklopedia polityki
młodzieżowej



Dofinansowane przez
Unię Europejską



Ministerstwo Nauki
i Szkolnictwa Wyższego



Ministerstwo
Edukacji Narodowej

Plan prezentacji

- Czym jest Youth Wiki?
- Jakie informacje można tam znaleźć?
- Do kogo skierowana jest Youth Wiki?



<https://national-policies.eacea.ec.europa.eu/youthwiki>

Czym jest Youth Wiki?

Youth Wiki – encyklopedia online

Zarządzanie: Komisja Europejska + krajowi korespondenci

34 kraje

Aktualizowana corocznie

Poddawana regularnej ewaluacji



Jak zorganizowana jest Youth Wiki?

1. Organizacja polityki młodzieżowej
2. Wolontariat
3. Zatrudnienie i przedsiębiorczość
4. Włączanie społeczne
5. Uczestnictwo w życiu społecznym i politycznym
6. Edukacja i szkolenia
7. Zdrowie
8. Kreatywność i kultura
9. Młodzież i świat
10. Praca z młodzieżą



Structure of Decision-making

A debate on official youth representation at central level has been conducted since the onset of the political transformation in Poland (i.e. The Polish Round Table Agreement; 1989).

It is difficult to pinpoint one central level authority responsible for making decisions relating to youth. At present, decisions on the implementation of individual public policies remain a responsibility of government administration (e.g. the [Minister of Education](#) is responsible for education, upbringing, the [Minister of Science and Higher Education](#) – for science and higher education, the [Minister of Sport and Tourism](#) - for physical culture, the [Minister of Family, Labour and Social Policy](#) - for social policy). In 2008 initial declarations regarding the appointment of a Youth Plenipotentiary were submitted to the Office of the President of the Republic of Poland, however, no such plenipotentiary has been appointed yet (Raczek, 2014). It should be noted that the Ministry of Education as well the Ministry of Science and Higher Education has most frequently been indicated as the central authority that supports structures representing youth.

Local government bodies operating at provincial, district and communal levels have all been assigned public tasks; some of which focus on young people. Communal governments are responsible for such matters as healthcare, social services, public education, culture and physical culture (Chmielnicki, 2009). Therefore, communes are responsible for the functioning of nurseries, primary schools, for supporting sports clubs, developing cultural activities, running libraries and supporting families in precarious life situations. Tasks assigned to districts and provinces are supra-communal and do not affect the competence of communes. Such tasks as public education in secondary schools, prevention of unemployment, stimulation of local labour markets and support provided to the disabled are supra-communal public tasks falling within the remit of districts. Provincial governments are responsible for running higher vocational institutions, developing economic activity in regions, maintaining libraries, museums and regional theatres.

The development of Poland's youth policy is visible at regional level. In all provinces are being created formal structures to support and represent youth:

- The Youth Parliament of Dolnośląskie Province ([Młodzieżowy Sejmik Województwa Dolnośląskiego](#)).
- The Youth Parliament of Kujawsko-Pomorskie Province ([Młodzieżowy Sejmik Województwa Kujawsko-Pomorskiego](#)).
- The Youth Parliament of Lubelskie Province ([Parlament Dzieci i Młodzieży Województwa Lubelskiego](#)) operating in the Lublin Board of Education. It should be emphasized, that The Youth Parliament of Lubelskie Province ([Młodzieżowy Sejmik Województwa Lubelskiego](#)) - [consultative, advisory and initiative body of provincial authorities - has not yet been appointed](#).
- The Youth Parliament of Lubuskie Province ([Młodzieżowy Sejmik Województwa Lubuskiego](#)).
- The Youth Parliament of Łódzkie Province ([Młodzieżowy Sejmik Województwa Łódzkiego](#)).
- The Youth Parliament of Małopolskie Province ([Młodzieżowy Sejmik Województwa Małopolskiego](#)).
- The Youth Parliament of Mazowieckie Province ([Młodzieżowy Sejmik Województwa Mazowieckiego](#)).
- The Youth Parliament of Opolskie Province ([Młodzieżowy Sejmik Województwa Opolskiego](#)).
- The Youth Parliament of Podkarpackie Province ([Młodzieżowy Sejmik Województwa Podkarpackiego](#)).
- The Youth Parliament of Podlaskie Province ([Młodzieżowy Sejmik Województwa Podlaskiego](#)).
- The Youth Parliament of Pomorskie Province ([Młodzieżowy Sejmik Województwa Pomorskiego](#)).

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1.3 National youth strategy

1.4 Youth policy decision-making

1.5 Cross-sectoral approach with other ministries

1.6 Evidence-based youth policy

1.7 Funding youth policy

1.8 Cross-border cooperation

1.9 Current debates and reforms

> 2. Voluntary Activities

> 3. Employment & Entrepreneurship

> 4. Social Inclusion

> 5. Participation

> 6. Education and Training

> 7. Health and Well-Being

> 8. Creativity and Culture

> 9. Youth and the World

> 10. Youth Work

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1.4 Youth policy decision-making

1.5 Cross-sectoral approach with other ministries

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1. Youth Policy Governance

1.4 Youth policy decision-making

Last update: 21 August 2025

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1. Structure of decision-making
2. Main themes
3. The national agency for youth
4. Policy monitoring and evaluation

Structure of decision-making

The [Ministry of Education and Culture](#) is the responsible authority for the overall development, coordination and drafting of national development plans on youth issues in the central government. The work is carried out by the Division of Youth Work and Youth Policy of the Department for Youth and Sport Policy in the Ministry.

When planning and developing the national youth policy the work is done in a close cooperation with several actors. These include such actors as other ministries, [Regional State Administrative Agencies](#) (see [Glossary](#)), other state agencies, municipalities (see [Glossary](#)), and youth organisations that have a significant role in the field of Finnish youth work and youth policy. It should be noted that from the beginning of 2026, the majority of Regional State Administrative Agencies' responsibilities will be transferred to the new Finnish Supervisory Agency (see [Glossary](#)).

The [National Youth Work and Youth Policy Programme](#), prepared by the Ministry of Education and Culture, is the central document that provides the national objectives and guidelines for youth policy that the Government adopts every four years. The Education and Culture Committee is the parliamentary commission that is in charge of most of the youth issues.

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In other countries

1. Youth Policy Governance

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Jakie informacje można znaleźć w Youth Wiki?

- Kto uznawany jest za młodzież w poszczególnych państwach?
- Czy istnieje strategia na rzecz młodzieży i co obejmuje?
- Jakie akty prawne regulują kwestie związane z młodzieżą?
- Jakie są najważniejsze wyzwania?

- Informacje statystyczne
- Wyniki badań
- Najnowsze reformy



Jakie informacje można znaleźć w Youth Wiki?

- Młodzież w Estonii (7-26 roku życia)
- Rada młodzieży na Malcie – 1991 r.
- Finlandia – w niektórych wyborach mogą głosować już 16-latkowie
- Irlandia – jeden z pierwszych krajów na świecie z osobnym ministerstwem ds. młodzieży
- Jedynie w co trzecim europejskim kraju istnieją platformy do e-konsultacji społecznych

Analizy porównawcze



The situation of young people in the European Union - EU Youth report 2024

24 April 2025

'The situation of young people in the European Union', a companion to the newly released EU Youth Report 2024, offers a concise yet comprehensive overview of the main challenges and trends shaping the lives of young people across the EU. Covering a wide range of topics, including employment, social inclusion, political engagement, mobility, digitalisation, and...



Youth mainstreaming, youth impact assessment and youth checks

23 July 2024

Following up on the achievements of the Year of Youth, the report analyses youth mainstreaming practices in 33 European countries, with a focus on youth regulatory impact assessment (RIA) instruments in four EU Member States: Belgium (the Flemish Community), Germany, France and Austria. In the absence of a common term used to designate such instruments...



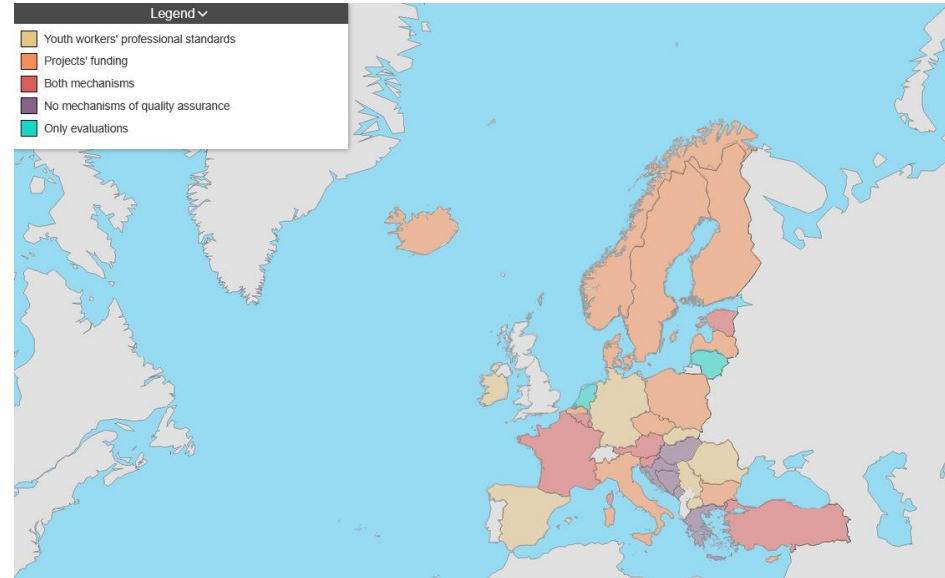
The impact of the Covid-19 pandemic on the mental health of young people

10 October 2022

The COVID-19 pandemic has represented a serious threat to mental health, in particular among young people. The shift from face-to-face to online learning, the restrictions to leisure and sport activities and the partial or complete interruption of social participation have heavily disrupted interpersonal relations. Coupled with longer time spent online and on social media, many...

Mapy

- Wolontariat
- Uczestnictwo w życiu społecznym i politycznym
- Włączanie społeczne
- Edukacja i szkolenia
- Zatrudnienie i przedsiębiorczość
- Praca z młodzieżą



Do kogo skierowana jest Youth Wiki?

- Decydenci i osoby odpowiedzialne za tworzenie polityki młodzieżowej na poziomie lokalnym, krajowym i europejskim
- Organizacje zrzeszające młodzież
- Środowisko akademickie
- Praktycy pracy z młodzieżą