Understanding Mobility

What students really think and experience



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What is the Erasmus Student Network?

is a non-profit international student organisation. Our mission is to represent international students, thus providing opportunities for cultural understanding and self-development under the principle of Students Helping

Students.





XVI ESNsurvey Preliminary findings





What is the ESN survey?

A student-led research initiative running since 2005 focused on mobility and the Erasmus+ programme.







This year's edition:

- The XVI edition: 12 May 31 August
- Took ~25 mins
- Available in multiple languages to ensure accessibility for all students







Who is it for?



Exchange students (Erasmus+ students, trainees, ESC, Youth opportunities)

International full-degree students
(Erasmus Mundus, joint programmes)

Non-mobile students to understand motivations and barriers





What makes this edition special?

→ New sections on:

- European Degree
- Improvement of the teaching and learning section
- Improvement of the skills-related questions
- More options fitted for the European University Alliances





How much responses did we collect?

35,937 valid responses

among which

14.000 full answers!





How much responses did we collect?

Mobile students: 22 750 = 63.30%

• Non mobile students: 9 807 = **27.29**%

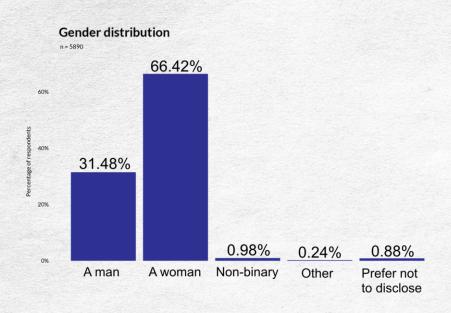
• Graduate Students: 3 378 = **9.40**%

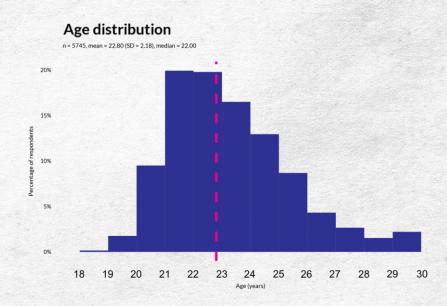






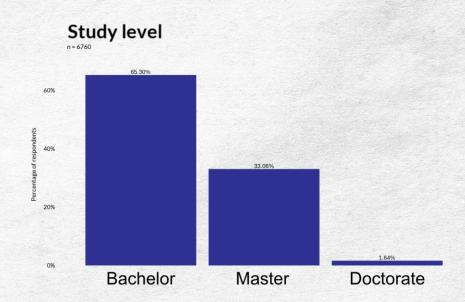
Age and gender distribution





Study level of the respondents

- 65% of respondents are studying for the bachelor's degree.
- 33% of respondents are studying for the master's degree.
- Only 1.6% of respondents are studying at the PhD level.

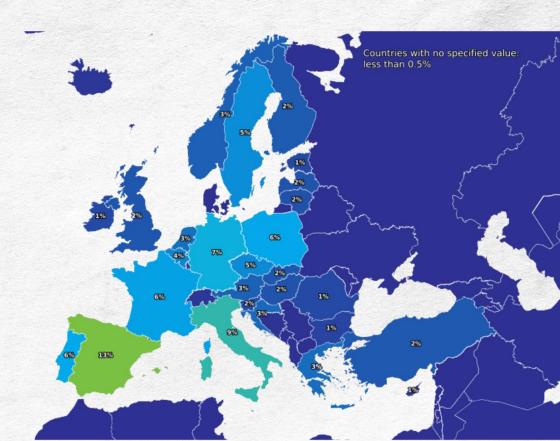


Which country is the Erasmus destination?

- Spain (13%)
- Italy (9%)
- Germany (7%)
- Poland, France and Portugal (each 6%)







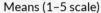
Horizontal priorities

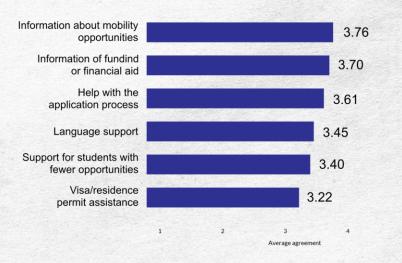
Inclusion and diversity

• Erasmus+ is seen as **inclusive** (4.16/5).

- Stronger satisfaction with information on opportunities and funding.
- Lower satisfaction with language,
 support for fewer-opportunity students,
 and visa assistance.

Satisfaction with support from sending institution before departure





Inclusion and diversity

The most common challenges reported by

were:

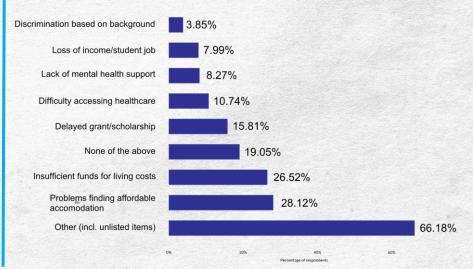
- finding affordable accommodation (28.12%)
- insufficient funds for living costs (26.52%).

Other notable issues included:

- delays in grants payments (15.81%),
- accessing healthcare (10.74%),

Issues faced during study abroad

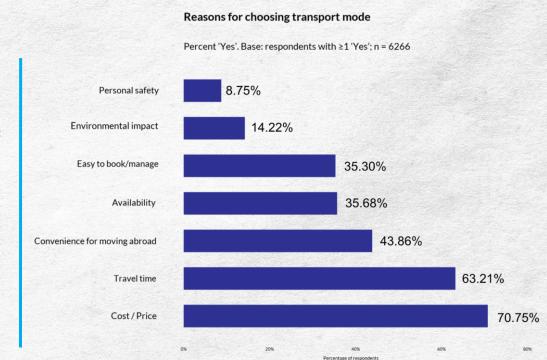
Percent 'Yes'. Base: respondents with ≥1 'Yes' in C28 (SQ002–SQ016); n = 6395. 'Other' combines SQ016 and any unlisted items.



Environment

The main identified factors influencing students' choice of transportation were

- cost (70.75%)
- travel time (63.21%).



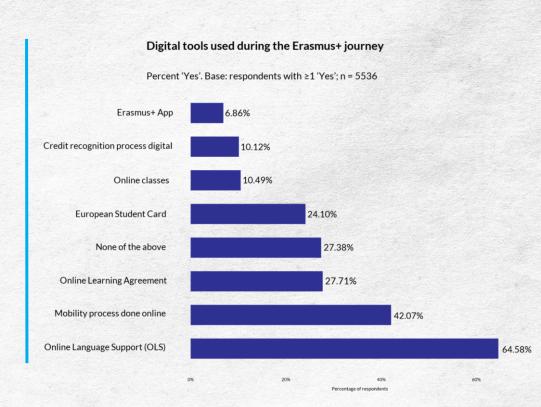




Digital transformation

The most frequently used digital tool was the **OLS** (64.58%),

Other tools mentioned included the OLA (27.71%), ESC (24.10%), online classes (10.49%),

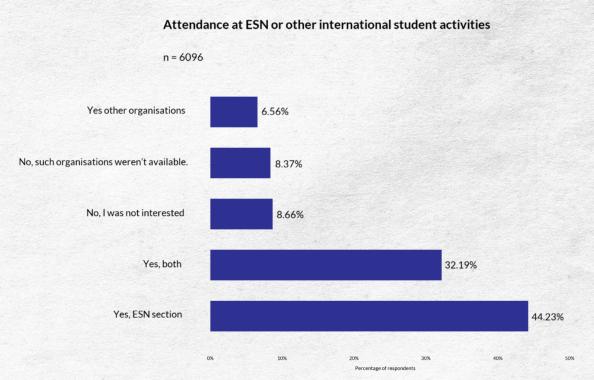


Participation in democratic life

- 44.23% attended activities organised by their local
 ESN section,
- 32.19% participated in events organised by ESN or other international student organisations.

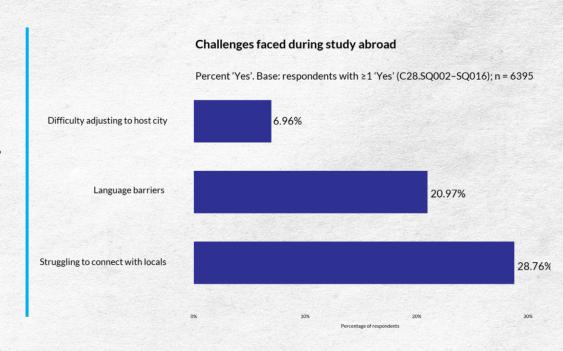






Participation in democratic life

- Nearly one in three students
 (28.76%) reported difficulties
 connecting with local residents,
- 20.97% struggled with language barriers,
- 6.96% experienced challenges adjusting to the host city.



Impact of Erasmus+

Skills Developed While Abroad

Students reported developing a wide range of competencies during their Erasmus+ mobility. The most frequently mentioned were:

- intercultural learning (78.56%),
- cultural awareness and expression (70.40%),
- multilingualism (69.77%).

While lower percentages were recorded for **financial literacy** (27.73%), **negotiation** (20.25%), and **digital-related skills** (16.82% to 7.66%).





Participation in Mobility as a Reinforcer of European Identity

- Identification with Europe rises by + 0.32
- Sense of belonging to the world increases
 by + 0.13
- National and Local identity remains stable







Overall results

- Horizontal priorities not fully implemented (inclusion, sustainability, digitalisation still uneven).
- Students confirm strong skill development, supporting the vision of a European Union of Skills.
- Erasmus+ shows a dual DNA:
 - Skills & competencies for a competitive, sustainable, digital Europe.
 - Democratic participation & EU belonging, reinforcing shared values and engagement.







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